



Safety Data Sheet

LOCTITE 515 GASKET MAKER known as Gasket Eliminator(R)
515 Flang

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V001.5

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Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product name: LOCTITE 515 GASKET MAKER known as Gasket Eliminator(R) 515 Flang

Intended use: Anaerobic Adhesive

Supplier:
Henkel Australia Pty Ltd
135-141 Canterbury Road
Kilsyth, Victoria, 3137
Australia

Phone: +61 (3) 9724 6444

**Emergency Telephone for
Chemical Accidents:** 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: 1800 032 379

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

GHS Classification:

<u>Hazard Class</u>	<u>Hazard Category</u>	<u>Target organ</u>
Skin irritation	Category 2	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2A	
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 3	respiratory tract irritation
Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3	

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statement(s):	H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H401 Toxic to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statement(s):	
Prevention:	P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection.
Response:	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340+P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage:	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Dangerous Goods information:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

Section 3. Composition / information on ingredients

General chemical description: Mixture
Type of preparation: Anaerobic Sealant

Identity of ingredients:

Chemical ingredients	CAS-No.	Proportion
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free	112945-52-5	< 10 %
Acrylic acid	79-10-7	3- < 5 %
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	1- < 3 %
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	< 1 %
Acetic acid, 2-phenylhydrazide	114-83-0	< 1 %
methacrylic acid	79-41-4	< 1 %
non hazardous ingredients~		60- <= 100 %

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical advice.
Skin:	In case of contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and flush skin with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice. Wash clothing before reuse.
Eyes:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. Seek medical advice.
First Aid facilities:	Eye wash and safety shower Normal washroom facilities
Medical attention and special treatment:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:	Carbon dioxide, foam, powder
Decomposition products in case of fire:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Wear full protective clothing. Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Additional fire fighting advice:	In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:	Avoid skin and eye contact. Wear protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Danger of slipping on spilled product. Keep unprotected persons away.
Environmental precautions:	Waste disposal with the approval of the responsible local authority. Do not discharge into surface water/ground water.
Clean-up methods:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Scrape up spilled material and place in a closed container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Use only in well-ventilated areas.
Avoid skin and eye contact.
Wear suitable protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in original containers at 8-21°C (46.4-69.8°F) and do not return residual materials to containers as contamination may reduce the shelf life of the bulk product.
Store at room temperature.

Unsuitable materials with product: plastic

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

National exposure standards:

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	form of exposure	TWA (ppm)	TWA (mg/m3)	Peak Limit. (ppm)	Peak Limit. (mg/m3)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m3)
SILICA, AMORPHOUS: FUMED SILICA (RESPIRABLE DUST) 112945-52-5	Respirable dust.		2				
Nuisance dusts, inhalable dust 112945-52-5	Inhalable dust.		10				
ACRYLIC ACID 79-10-7		2	5.9				
METHACRYLIC ACID 79-41-4		20	70				

Engineering controls: Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.

Eye protection: For eye protection, use tightly fitted safety goggles and a face-shield

Skin protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Recommended gloves include butyl rubber and neoprene.
Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Respiratory protection: If inhalation risk exists, wear a respirator or air supplied mask complying with the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: purple, opaque liquid

Odor: Sharp

pH: Not applicable, Product is non-polar/aprotic.

Melting point / freezing point: Not applicable, Product is a liquid

Specific gravity: 1.1

Boiling point: > 150 °C (> 302 °F)

Flash point: > 100 °C (> 212 °F)

Vapor pressure:	< 10 mm hg
(; 20 °C (68 °F)no method /	< 300 mbar
method unknown; 50 °C (122	< 0.13 mbar
°F); 20 °C (68 °F))	
Vapor density:	> 1
Density:	1.1 g/cm3
Solubility in water:	Slightly soluble (20 °C)
Auto ignition:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	
Viscosity (dynamic):	150,000 - 300,000 mPa.s(BROOKFIELD WITH HELIPATH; Method: ;; LCT STM 10; Viscosity Brookfield)
VOC content:	< 10 %
(2010/75/EC)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of temperature and pressure.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid excessive heat and ignition sources. Extremes of temperature.
Incompatible materials:	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids and bases. Reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of nitrogen.
Hazardous polymerization:	Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Health Effects:	
Ingestion:	May cause mild gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal pain.
Skin:	Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Eyes:	Causes serious eye irritation. Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in corneal injury. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Inhalation:	Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.
Skin irritation:	Result: Category 2 (irritant)
Eye irritation:	Result: Eye irritation

Acute toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free 112945-52-5	LD50 LC0 LD50	> 5,000 mg/kg 0.139 mg/l > 2,000 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rat rabbit	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) not specified OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	LD50 LC0 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) LD50	1,500 mg/kg 5.1 mg/l 11 mg/l 1,100 mg/kg > 2,000 mg/kg	oral inhalation inhalation dermal dermal	4 h	rat rat rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Expert judgement Expert judgement OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	LD50 LC50 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)	382 mg/kg 1.370 mg/l 1,100 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rat	other guideline: not specified Expert judgement
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	LD50 LD50	5,564 mg/kg > 5,000 mg/kg	oral dermal		rat rabbit	FDA Guideline not specified
Acetic acid, 2- phenylhydrazide 114-83-0	LD50	270 mg/kg	oral		rat	not specified
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	LD50 LC50 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) LD50 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)	1,320 mg/kg > 3.6 mg/l 3.61 mg/l 500 - 1,000 mg/kg 500 mg/kg	oral inhalation inhalation dermal dermal	4 h	rat rat rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Expert judgement Dermal Toxicity Screening Expert judgement

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free 112945-52-5	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Category 1 (corrosive)	3 min	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	corrosive		rabbit	Draize Test
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	Draize Test
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	corrosive	3 min	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free 112945-52-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Category 1 (irreversible effects on the eye)		rabbit	BASF Test
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	Category 2B (mildly irritating to eyes)		rabbit	Draize Test
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	corrosive		rabbit	Draize Test

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	not sensitising	Freund's complete adjuvant test	guinea pig	Klecak Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	not sensitising	Split adjuvant test	guinea pig	Maguire Method
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	Buehler test
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisa- tion test	guinea pig	Magnusson and Kligman Method
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free 112945-52-5	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test DNA damage and repair assay, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells in vitro			not specified not specified not specified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) mammalian cell gene mutation assay DNA damage and repair assay, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells in vitro	with and without with and without without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 482 (Genetic Toxicology: DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative negative	oral: gavage oral: gavage		rat mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test) not specified
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	positive	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	negative	dermal		mouse	not specified
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	negative positive negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	negative negative	oral: gavage oral: gavage		rat Drosophila melanogaster	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) not specified
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	negative negative	inhalation oral: gavage		mouse mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Repeated dose toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL=40 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	12 mdaily	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL=0.015 mg/l	inhalation: vapour	90 d6 h/d, 5 d/w	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9		inhalation: aerosol	6 h/d5 d/w	rat	not specified
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	NOAEL=100 mg/kg	oral: gavage	49 ddaily	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	NOAEL=0.352 mg/l	inhalation	90 d6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4		inhalation	90 d6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day)

Section 12. Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Ecotoxicity:

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free 112945-52-5	LC50	> 10,000 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	LC50	27 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Salmo gairdneri (new name: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EPA OTS 797.1400 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOEC	>= 10.1 mg/l	Fish	45 d	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite stage toxicity test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC50	95 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	EPA OTS 797.1300 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater Daphnids)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC10	0.03 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	EU Method C.3 (Algal Inhibition test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC50	0.13 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	EU Method C.3 (Algal Inhibition test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC20	900 mg/l	Bacteria	30 min	activated sludge, domestic	ISO 8192 (Test for Inhibition of Oxygen Consumption by Activated Sludge)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	LC50	3.9 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	EC50	18.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	EC50	3.1 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported as Scenedesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	NOEC	1 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported as Scenedesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	EC10	70 mg/l	Bacteria	30 min	not specified	not specified
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	LC50	> 100 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	EC50	380 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	EC50	836 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	NOEC	400 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	EC0	> 3,000 mg/l	Bacteria	16 h	Pseudomonas fluorescens	other guideline:
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	LC50	85 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Salmo gairdneri (new name: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EPA OTS 797.1400 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)

methacrylic acid 79-41-4	EC50	> 130 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	EPA OTS 797.1300 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater Daphnids)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	NOEC	8.2 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	EC50	45 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	EC10	100 mg/l	Bacteria	17 h		not specified

Persistence and degradability:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	3 %	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	92 - 100 %	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	readily biodegradable	aerobic	86 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)

Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogPow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7		3.16				QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	0.46				25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9		9.1		calculation		OECD Guideline 305 (Bioconcentration: Flow- through Fish Test)
α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 80-15-9	1.6				25 °C	OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), HPLC Method)
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9	0.42				25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Acetic acid, 2- phenylhydrazide 114-83-0	0.74					not specified
methacrylic acid 79-41-4	0.93				22 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- Waste disposal of product:** Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.
- Disposal for uncleaned package:** After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Road and Rail Transport:

Dangerous Goods information: Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

Marine transport IMDG:

Not dangerous goods

Air transport IATA:

Not dangerous goods

Section 15. Regulatory information

SUSMP Poisons Schedule None

Section 16. Other information

- Abbreviations/acronyms:**
- ADGC - Australian Dangerous Goods Code
 - GHS: Globally Harmonized System
 - CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
 - OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
 - LD 50: Lethal Dose 50%
 - LC 50: Lethal Concentration 50%
 - IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods code
 - IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations
 - STEL - Short term exposure limit
 - TWA - Time weighted average
 - AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)
 - AICIS - Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme
- Reason for issue:** Reviewed SDS. Reissued with new date. involved chapters: 1-16

Date of previous issue: 25.08.2020

Disclaimer:

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